

9. Behaviour exiting a fully developed spiral dive			
Initial response of glider (first 180°)	No immediate reaction	B No immediate reaction	B
Tendency to return to straight flight	Spontaneous exit (g force decreasing, rate of turn decreasing)	A Spontaneous exit (g force decreasing, rate of turn decreasing)	A
Turn angle to recover normal flight	Less than 720°, spontaneous recovery	A Less than 720°, spontaneous recovery	A
10. Symmetric front collapse			
Approximately 30 % chord			
Entry	Rocking back less than 45°	A Rocking back less than 45°	A
Recovery	Spontaneous in 3 s to 5 s	B Spontaneous in 3 s to 5 s	B
Dive forward angle on exit Change of course	Dive forward 0° to 30° / Keeping course	A Dive forward 0° to 30° / Keeping course	A
Cascade occurs	No	A No	A
Folding lines used	Yes	C Yes	C
At least 50% chord			
Entry	Rocking back less than 45°	A Rocking back less than 45°	A
Recovery	Spontaneous in 3 s to 5 s	B Spontaneous in 3 s to 5 s	B
Dive forward angle on exit / Change of course	Dive forward 0° to 30° / Keeping course	A Dive forward 0° to 30° / Keeping course	A
Cascade occurs	No	A No	A
Folding lines used	Yes	C Yes	C
With accelerator			
Entry	Rocking back less than 45°	A Rocking back less than 45°	A
Recovery	Spontaneous in 3 s to 5 s	B Spontaneous in 3 s to 5 s	B
Dive forward angle on exit / Change of course	Dive forward 30° to 60° / Keeping course	B Dive forward 30° to 60° / Entering a turn of less than 90°	B
Cascade occurs	No	A No	A
Folding lines used	Yes	C Yes	C
11. Exiting deep stall (parachutal stall)			
Deep stall achieved	Yes	A Yes	A
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A
Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward 0° to 30°	A Dive forward 0° to 30°	A
Change of course	Changing course less than 45°	A Changing course less than 45°	A
Cascade occurs	No	A No	A
12. High angle of attack recovery			
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A
Cascade occurs	No	A No	A
13. Recovery from a developed full stall			
Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward 0° to 30°	A Dive forward 0° to 30°	A
Collapse	No collapse	A No collapse	A
Cascade occurs (other than collapses)	No	A No	A

Rocking back	Less than 45°	A	Greater than 45°	C
Line tension	Most lines tight	A	Most lines tight	A

14. Asymmetric collapse

C

Small asymmetric collapse

Change of course until re-inflation / Maximum dive forward or roll angle	90° to 180° / Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°	B	Less than 90° / Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°	A
Re-inflation behaviour	Inflates in less than 3 s from start of pilot action	C	Inflates in less than 3 s from start of pilot action	C
Total change of course	Less than 360°	A	Less than 360°	A
Collapse on the opposite side occurs	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous re-inflation)	A	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous re-inflation)	A
Twist occurs	No	A	No	A
Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A
Folding lines used	Yes	C	Yes	C

Large asymmetric collapse

Change of course until re-inflation / Maximum dive forward or roll angle	90° to 180° / Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°	B	90° to 180° / Dive or roll angle 45° to 60°	C
Re-inflation behaviour	Inflates in less than 3 s from start of pilot action	C	Inflates in less than 3 s from start of pilot action	C
Total change of course	Less than 360°	A	Less than 360°	A
Collapse on the opposite side occurs	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous re-inflation)	A	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous re-inflation)	A
Twist occurs	No	A	No	A
Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A
Folding lines used	Yes	C	Yes	C

Small asymmetric collapse with fully activated accelerator

Change of course until re-inflation / Maximum dive forward or roll angle	90° to 180° / Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°	B	90° to 180° / Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°	B
Re-inflation behaviour	Inflates in less than 3 s from start of pilot action	C	Inflates in less than 3 s from start of pilot action	C
Total change of course	Less than 360°	A	Less than 360°	A
Collapse on the opposite side occurs	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous re-inflation)	A	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous re-inflation)	A
Twist occurs	No	A	No	A
Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A
Folding lines used	Yes	C	Yes	C

Large asymmetric collapse with fully activated accelerator

Change of course until re-inflation / Maximum dive forward or roll angle	90° to 180° / Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°	B	90° to 180° / Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°	B
Re-inflation behaviour	Inflates in less than 3 s from start of pilot action	C	Inflates in less than 3 s from start of pilot action	C
Total change of course	Less than 360°	A	Less than 360°	A
Collapse on the opposite side occurs	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous re-inflation)	A	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous re-inflation)	A
Twist occurs	No	A	No	A
Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A

Folding lines used	Yes	C Yes	C
15. Directional control with a maintained asymmetric collapse	A		
Able to keep course	Yes	A Yes	A
180° turn away from the collapsed side possible in 10 s	Yes	A Yes	A
Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel	A More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel	A
16. Trim speed spin tendency	A		
Spin occurs	No	A No	A
17. Low speed spin tendency	A		
Spin occurs	No	A No	A
18. Recovery from a developed spin	B		
Spin rotation angle after release	Stops spinning in 90° to 180°	B Stops spinning in 90° to 180°	B
Cascade occurs	No	A No	A
19. B-line stall	0		
Change of course before release	not available	0 not available	0
Behaviour before release	not available	0 not available	0
Recovery	not available	0 not available	0
Dive forward angle on exit	not available	0 not available	0
Cascade occurs	not available	0 not available	0
20. Big ears	B		
Entry procedure	Standard technique	A Standard technique	A
Behaviour during big ears	Stable flight	A Stable flight	A
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A Recovery through pilot action in less than a further 3 s	B
Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward 0° to 30°	A Dive forward 0° to 30°	A
21. Big ears in accelerated flight	B		
Entry procedure	Standard technique	A Standard technique	A
Behaviour during big ears	Stable flight	A Stable flight	A
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A Recovery through pilot action in less than a further 3 s	B
Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward 0° to 30°	A Dive forward 0° to 30°	A
Behaviour immediately after releasing the accelerator while maintaining big ears	Stable flight	A Stable flight	A
22. Alternative means of directional control	A		
180° turn achievable in 20 s	Yes	A Yes	A
Stall or spin occurs	No	A No	A
23. Any other flight procedure and/or configuration described in the user's manual	A		
Procedure works as described	Yes	A Yes	A
Procedure suitable for novice pilots	Yes	A Yes	A
Cascade occurs	No	A No	A