

Air Turquoise SA Rte du Pré-au-Comte 8 | CH-1844 Villeneuve tel. +41 21 965 65 65 | mobile +41 79 202 52 30 info@para-test.com

## Flight test report: EN 926-2:2013

Flight test rep	ort: EN 926-2:2013				
Manufacturer	Niviuk Gliders / Air Games S.L.	Certification number		PG_0957.2015	
Address	C. Del Ter, 6 – Nave D 17165 La Cellera de Ter Girona Spain	Date of flight test		13. 07. 2015	
Glider model	Hook 4 21	Classification		В	
Serial number	Hook 4 1-21	Representative		None	
Trimmer	no	Place of test		Villeneuve	
THITICI	no .	race or test		VIIICIICUVC	
Test pilot		Light pilot under Air Turquoise supervision		Dupont Philippe	
Harness		Sup' Air - Lightsau		Sup' Air - Altiplume S	
Harness to risers di	stance (cm)	41		43	
Distance between risers (cm)		40		42	
Total weight in fligh	, ,	55		70	
Total Weight III mgn	t (kg)	33		70	
1. Inflation/Take-off		A			
Rising behaviour		Smooth, easy and constant rising	Α	Smooth, easy and constant rising	Α
Special take off technique	required	No	Α	No	Α
2. Landing		A			
Special landing technique		No	Α	No	Α
3. Speed in straight flight		A			
Trim speed more than 30 km/h		Yes	Α	Yes	Α
Speed range using the controls larger than 10 km/h		Yes	Α	Yes	Α
Minimum speed		Less than 25 km/h	Α	Less than 25 km/h	Α
4. Control movement		Α			
Max. weight in flight up t	o 80 kg				
Symmetric control pressure	e / travel	Increasing / greater than 55 cm	Α	not available	0
Max. weight in flight 80 kg to 100 kg			•		
Symmetric control pressure	e / travel	not available	0	Increasing / greater than 60 cm	Α
Max. weight in flight grea	ater than 100 kg				
Symmetric control pressure / travel		not available	0	Increasing / greater than 65 cm	Α
5. Pitch stability exiting a	accelerated flight	Α			
Dive forward angle on exit		Dive forward less than 30°	Α	Dive forward less than 30°	Α
Collapse occurs		No	Α	No	Α
flight	g controls during accelerated	A			
Collapse occurs	.t.,	No	Α	No	Α
7. Roll stability and damp	oing	A De ducino		De duction	
Oscillations		Reducing	Α	Reducing	Α
8. Stability in gentle spirals		A Spontonogue evit	۸	Sportopogue ovit	٨
Tendency to return to straight flight		Spontaneous exit	Α	Spontaneous exit	Α
9. Behaviour exiting a fully developed spiral dive Initial response of glider (first 180°)		Immediate reduction of rate of	Α	Immediate reduction of rate of turn	Α
initial reopenies of glider (II		turn	,,	initional of rate of turn	, ,
Tendency to return to strai	ght flight	Spontaneous exit (g force decreasing, rate of turn decreasing)	Α	Spontaneous exit (g force decreasing, rate of turn decreasing)	Α

Turn angle to recover normal flight	Less than 720°, spontaneous	Α	Less than 720°, spontaneous	Α
10. Symmetric front collapse	recovery A		recovery	
Approximately 30 % chord				
Entry	Rocking back less than 45°	Α	Rocking back less than 45°	Α
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Α	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Α
Dive forward angle on exit Change of course	Dive forward 0° to 30° Keeping course	Α	Dive forward 0° to 30° Keeping course	Α
Cascade occurs	No	Α	No	Α
Folding lines used	No	Α	No	Α
At least 50% chord				
Entry	Rocking back less than 45°	Α	Rocking back less than 45°	Α
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Α	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Α
Dive forward angle on exit / Change of course	Dive forward 0° to 30° / Keeping course	Α	Dive forward 0° to 30° / Keeping course	Α
Cascade occurs	No	Α	No	Α
Folding lines used	No	Α	No	Α
With accelerator				
Entry	Rocking back less than 45°	Α	Rocking back less than 45°	Α
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Α	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Α
Dive forward angle on exit / Change of course	Dive forward 0° to 30° / Keeping course	Α	Dive forward 0° to 30° / Keeping course	Α
Cascade occurs	No	Α	No	Α
Folding lines used	No	Α	No	Α
11. Exiting deep stall (parachutal stall)	Α			
Deep stall achieved	Yes	Α	Yes	Α
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Α	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Α
Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward 0° to 30°	Α	Dive forward 0° to 30°	Α
Change of course	Changing course less than 45°	Α	Changing course less than 45°	Α
Cascade occurs	No	Α	No	Α
12. High angle of attack recovery	A			
Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Α	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Α
Cascade occurs	No	Α	No	Α
13. Recovery from a developed full stall	Α			
Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward 0° to 30°	Α	Dive forward 0° to 30°	Α
Collapse	No collapse	Α	No collapse	Α
Cascade occurs (other than collapses)	No	Α	No	Α
Rocking back	Less than 45°	Α	Less than 45°	Α
Line tension	Most lines tight	Α	Most lines tight	Α
14. Asymmetric collapse	В			
Small asymmetric collapse				
Change of course until re-inflation / Maximum dive forward or roll angle	Less than 90° / Dive or roll angle 0° to 15°	Α	Less than 90° / Dive or roll angle 0° to 15°	Α
Re-inflation behaviour	Spontaneous re-inflation	Α	Spontaneous re-inflation	Α
Total change of course	Less than 360°	Α	Less than 360°	Α
Collapse on the opposite side occurs	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous reinflation)	Α	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous reinflation)	Α
Twist occurs	No	Α	No	Α
Cascade occurs	No	Α	No	Α
Folding lines used	No	Α	No	Α
Large asymmetric collapse				
Change of course until re-inflation / Maximum dive forward or roll angle	Less than 90° / Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°	Α	$90^{\circ}$ to $180^{\circ}$ / Dive or roll angle $15^{\circ}$ to $45^{\circ}$	В
Re-inflation behaviour	Spontaneous re-inflation	Α	Spontaneous re-inflation	Α
Total change of course	Less than 360°	Α	Less than 360°	Α

Collapse on the opposite side occurs				
Collapse of the opposite side occurs	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous reinflation)	Α	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous reinflation)	Α
Twist occurs	No	Α	No .	Α
Cascade occurs	No	Α	No	Α
Folding lines used	No	Α	No	Α
rodding inica daed	140	^	110	^
Small asymmetric collapse with fully activated accelerator				
Change of course until re-inflation / Maximum dive forward or roll angle	Less than 90° / Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°	Α	Less than 90° / Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°	Α
Re-inflation behaviour	Spontaneous re-inflation	Α	Spontaneous re-inflation	Α
Total change of course	Less than 360°	Α	Less than 360°	Α
Collapse on the opposite side occurs	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous reinflation)	Α	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous reinflation)	Α
Twist occurs	No	Α	No	Α
Cascade occurs	No	Α	No	Α
Folding lines used	No	Α	No	Α
Large asymmetric collapse with fully activated accelerator		_	0001 100015: # 1 150	_
Change of course until re-inflation / Maximum dive forward or roll angle	90° to 180° / Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°	В	90° to 180° / Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°	В
Re-inflation behaviour	Spontaneous re-inflation	Α	Spontaneous re-inflation	Α
Total change of course	Less than 360°	Α	Less than 360°	Α
Collapse on the opposite side occurs	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous reinflation)	Α	No (or only a small number of collapsed cells with a spontaneous reinflation)	Α
Twist occurs	No	Α	No	Α
Cascade occurs	No	Α	No	Α
Folding lines used	No	Α	No	Α
15. Directional control with a maintained asymmetric	A			
collapse				
Able to keep course	Yes	Α	Yes	Α
180° turn away from the collapsed side possible in 10 s	Yes	Α	Yes	Λ.
	100	٠,		Α
Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel	Α	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel	A
	More than 50 % of the			
Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel		control travel	
Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin  16. Trim speed spin tendency	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel	Α	control travel	Α
Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin  16. Trim speed spin tendency  Spin occurs  17. Low speed spin tendency  Spin occurs	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel  A  No	Α	control travel	Α
Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin  16. Trim speed spin tendency  Spin occurs  17. Low speed spin tendency	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel  A  No  A	A	No	A
Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin  16. Trim speed spin tendency  Spin occurs  17. Low speed spin tendency  Spin occurs	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel  A  No  A  No	A	No	A
Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin  16. Trim speed spin tendency Spin occurs  17. Low speed spin tendency Spin occurs  18. Recovery from a developed spin	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel  A  No  A  No	A A	No No	A A
Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin  16. Trim speed spin tendency Spin occurs  17. Low speed spin tendency Spin occurs  18. Recovery from a developed spin Spin rotation angle after release Cascade occurs  19. B-line stall	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel  A  No  A  No  A  Stops spinning in less than 90°	A A A	No No Stops spinning in less than 90°	A A A
Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin  16. Trim speed spin tendency Spin occurs  17. Low speed spin tendency Spin occurs  18. Recovery from a developed spin Spin rotation angle after release Cascade occurs	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel  A  No  A  No  A  Stops spinning in less than 90°  No	A A A	No No Stops spinning in less than 90°	A A A
Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin  16. Trim speed spin tendency Spin occurs  17. Low speed spin tendency Spin occurs  18. Recovery from a developed spin Spin rotation angle after release Cascade occurs  19. B-line stall	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel  A No A No A Stops spinning in less than 90° No A	A A A A	No  No  Stops spinning in less than 90° No	A A A A
Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin  16. Trim speed spin tendency Spin occurs  17. Low speed spin tendency Spin occurs  18. Recovery from a developed spin Spin rotation angle after release Cascade occurs  19. B-line stall Change of course before release	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel  A No A No A Stops spinning in less than 90° No A Changing course less than 45° Remains stable with straight	A A A A	No  No  Stops spinning in less than 90° No  Changing course less than 45°	A A A A
Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin  16. Trim speed spin tendency Spin occurs  17. Low speed spin tendency Spin occurs  18. Recovery from a developed spin Spin rotation angle after release Cascade occurs  19. B-line stall Change of course before release Behaviour before release	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel  A No A No A Stops spinning in less than 90° No A Changing course less than 45° Remains stable with straight span	A A A A A	No  No  Stops spinning in less than 90° No  Changing course less than 45° Remains stable with straight span	A A A A A
Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin  16. Trim speed spin tendency Spin occurs  17. Low speed spin tendency Spin occurs  18. Recovery from a developed spin Spin rotation angle after release Cascade occurs  19. B-line stall Change of course before release Behaviour before release Recovery	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel  A No A No A Stops spinning in less than 90° No A Changing course less than 45° Remains stable with straight span Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A A A A A	No  No  Stops spinning in less than 90° No  Changing course less than 45° Remains stable with straight span  Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A A A A A A
Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin  16. Trim speed spin tendency Spin occurs  17. Low speed spin tendency Spin occurs  18. Recovery from a developed spin Spin rotation angle after release Cascade occurs  19. B-line stall Change of course before release Behaviour before release Recovery Dive forward angle on exit	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel  A No A No A Stops spinning in less than 90° No A Changing course less than 45° Remains stable with straight span Spontaneous in less than 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30°	A A A A A A	No  No Stops spinning in less than 90° No Changing course less than 45° Remains stable with straight span Spontaneous in less than 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30°	A A A A A A A
Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin  16. Trim speed spin tendency Spin occurs  17. Low speed spin tendency Spin occurs  18. Recovery from a developed spin Spin rotation angle after release Cascade occurs  19. B-line stall Change of course before release Behaviour before release Recovery Dive forward angle on exit Cascade occurs	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel  A No A No A Stops spinning in less than 90° No A Changing course less than 45° Remains stable with straight span Spontaneous in less than 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30° No	A A A A A A	No  No Stops spinning in less than 90° No Changing course less than 45° Remains stable with straight span Spontaneous in less than 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30°	A A A A A A A A
Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin  16. Trim speed spin tendency Spin occurs  17. Low speed spin tendency Spin occurs  18. Recovery from a developed spin Spin rotation angle after release Cascade occurs  19. B-line stall Change of course before release Behaviour before release  Recovery Dive forward angle on exit Cascade occurs  20. Big ears	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel  A No A No A Stops spinning in less than 90° No A Changing course less than 45° Remains stable with straight span Spontaneous in less than 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30° No B	A A A A A A A	No  No  Stops spinning in less than 90° No  Changing course less than 45° Remains stable with straight span  Spontaneous in less than 3 s  Dive forward 0° to 30° No	A A A A A A A
Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin  16. Trim speed spin tendency Spin occurs  17. Low speed spin tendency Spin occurs  18. Recovery from a developed spin Spin rotation angle after release Cascade occurs  19. B-line stall Change of course before release Behaviour before release  Recovery Dive forward angle on exit Cascade occurs  20. Big ears Entry procedure	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel  A No A No A Stops spinning in less than 90° No A Changing course less than 45° Remains stable with straight span Spontaneous in less than 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30° No B Dedicated controls	A A A A A A A A	No  No  Stops spinning in less than 90° No  Changing course less than 45° Remains stable with straight span  Spontaneous in less than 3 s  Dive forward 0° to 30° No  Dedicated controls	A A A A A A A A
Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin  16. Trim speed spin tendency Spin occurs  17. Low speed spin tendency Spin occurs  18. Recovery from a developed spin Spin rotation angle after release Cascade occurs  19. B-line stall Change of course before release Behaviour before release Recovery Dive forward angle on exit Cascade occurs  20. Big ears Entry procedure Behaviour during big ears	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel  A No A No A Stops spinning in less than 90° No A Changing course less than 45° Remains stable with straight span Spontaneous in less than 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30° No B Dedicated controls Stable flight	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	No  No  Stops spinning in less than 90° No  Changing course less than 45° Remains stable with straight span  Spontaneous in less than 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30° No  Dedicated controls Stable flight	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin  16. Trim speed spin tendency Spin occurs  17. Low speed spin tendency Spin occurs  18. Recovery from a developed spin Spin rotation angle after release Cascade occurs  19. B-line stall Change of course before release Behaviour before release Recovery Dive forward angle on exit Cascade occurs  20. Big ears Entry procedure Behaviour during big ears Recovery	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel  A No A No A Stops spinning in less than 90° No A Changing course less than 45° Remains stable with straight span Spontaneous in less than 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30° No B Dedicated controls Stable flight Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A A A A A A A A A	No  No  Stops spinning in less than 90° No  Changing course less than 45° Remains stable with straight span  Spontaneous in less than 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30° No  Dedicated controls Stable flight Spontaneous in 3 s to 5 s	A A A A A A A A B
Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin  16. Trim speed spin tendency Spin occurs  17. Low speed spin tendency Spin occurs  18. Recovery from a developed spin Spin rotation angle after release Cascade occurs  19. B-line stall Change of course before release Behaviour before release  Recovery Dive forward angle on exit Cascade occurs  20. Big ears Entry procedure Behaviour during big ears Recovery Dive forward angle on exit	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel  A No A No A Stops spinning in less than 90° No A Changing course less than 45° Remains stable with straight span Spontaneous in less than 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30° No B Dedicated controls Stable flight Spontaneous in less than 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30°	A A A A A A A A A	No  No  Stops spinning in less than 90° No  Changing course less than 45° Remains stable with straight span  Spontaneous in less than 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30° No  Dedicated controls Stable flight Spontaneous in 3 s to 5 s	A A A A A A A A B
Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin  16. Trim speed spin tendency Spin occurs  17. Low speed spin tendency Spin occurs  18. Recovery from a developed spin Spin rotation angle after release Cascade occurs  19. B-line stall Change of course before release Behaviour before release  Recovery Dive forward angle on exit Cascade occurs  20. Big ears Entry procedure Behaviour during big ears Recovery Dive forward angle on exit 21. Big ears in accelerated flight	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel  A No A No A Stops spinning in less than 90° No A Changing course less than 45° Remains stable with straight span Spontaneous in less than 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30° No B Dedicated controls Stable flight Spontaneous in less than 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30°	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	No  No  Stops spinning in less than 90° No  Changing course less than 45° Remains stable with straight span  Spontaneous in less than 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30° No  Dedicated controls Stable flight Spontaneous in 3 s to 5 s Dive forward 0° to 30°	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin  16. Trim speed spin tendency Spin occurs  17. Low speed spin tendency Spin occurs  18. Recovery from a developed spin Spin rotation angle after release Cascade occurs  19. B-line stall Change of course before release Behaviour before release Recovery Dive forward angle on exit Cascade occurs  20. Big ears Entry procedure Behaviour during big ears Recovery Dive forward angle on exit  21. Big ears in accelerated flight Entry procedure	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel  A No A No A Stops spinning in less than 90° No A Changing course less than 45° Remains stable with straight span Spontaneous in less than 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30° No B Dedicated controls Stable flight Spontaneous in less than 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30°	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	No  No  Stops spinning in less than 90° No  Changing course less than 45° Remains stable with straight span  Spontaneous in less than 3 s Dive forward 0° to 30° No  Dedicated controls Stable flight Spontaneous in 3 s to 5 s Dive forward 0° to 30°  Dedicated controls	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A

Behaviour immediately after releasing the accelerator while maintaining big ears	Stable flight	А	Stable flight	Α
22. Alternative means of directional control	Α			
180° turn achievable in 20 s	Yes	Α	Yes	Α
Stall or spin occurs	No	Α	No	Α
23. Any other flight procedure and/or configuration described in the user's manual	0			
Procedure works as described	not available	0	not available	0
Procedure suitable for novice pilots	not available	0	not available	0
Cascade occurs	not available	0	not available	0

## 24. Comments of test pilot

Comments