## Flight test report

 
 Manufacturer
 Gradient s.r.o.

 Address
 Plzeňská 221/130

 150 00 Praha 5 - Motol Czech Republic

 Representive
 Ondrej Dupal

 Type of glider
 Avax XC 2 28

 Trimmer
 not available
 Certification number Date of flight test Place of test PG 103.2007 14/09/2007 Villeneuve



Classification C

Test PilotClaude ThurnheerHarnessGin Genie III M 44cmTotal weight in flight95 kg

Alain Zoller Sol Paragliders - Slider L 115 kg

		Min weight		Max weight	
. Inflation/Ta					
	Rising behaviour	Overshoots, shall be slowed down to avoid front collapse		Overshoots, shall be slowed down to avoid front collapse	
. Landing	Special take off technique required	No	A	No	
. Lanung	Special landing technique required	No	А	No	,
. Speed in st			~		
	Trim speed more than 30 km/h	Yes	А	Yes	,
	Speed range using the controls larger than 10 km/h	Yes	А	Yes	
	Minimum speed	Less than 25 km/h	А	25 km/h to 30 km/h	1
Control mo					
	Max. weight in flight up to 80 kg				
	Symmetric control pressure/travel	not available	0	not available	
	Max. weight in flight 80 kg to 100 kg	Approximately appatent 45 cm to 60 cm	~	not available	
	Symmetric control pressure/travel Max. weight in flight greater than 100 kg	Approximately constant, 45 cm to 60 cm	C		
	Symmetric control pressure/travel	not available	0	Increasing, 50 cm to 65 cm	
Pitch stabil	ity exiting accelerated flight		Ŭ		
	Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward less than 30°	А	Dive forward less than 30°	
	Collapse occurs	No	А	No	
Pitch stabil	ity operating controls during accelerated flight				
	Collapse occurs	No	А	No	
Roll stabilit	y and damping				
	Oscillations	Reducing	А	Reducing	
Stability in	gentle spirals	<b>.</b>		• · ·	
Deheuleur	Tendency to return to straight flight	Spontaneous exit	A	Spontaneous exit	
senaviour	in a steeply banked turn Sink rate after two turns	More than 14 m/s	в	More than 14 m/s	I
Symmetric	c front collapse		0		
- yn north	Entry	Rocking back less than 45°	А	Rocking back less than 45°	
	Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	
	Dive forward angle on exit	Dive foward 0°to 30°, Keeping course	A	Dive foward 30°to 60°, Keeping course	
	Cascade occurs		A	No	
	With accelerator		~		
	Entry	Rocking back less than 45°	А	Rocking back less than 45°	
	Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	А	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	
	Dive forward angle on exit	Dive foward 0° to 30°, Keeping course	А	Dive foward 30° to 60°, Keeping course	
	Cascade occurs	No	А	No	
Exiting de	ep stall (parachutal stall)				
	Deep stall achieved	Yes	А	Yes	
	Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Α	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	
	Dive forward angle on exit		A	Dive forward 30°to 60°	
	Change of course	Changing course less than 45°	A	Changing course less than 45°	
High angle	Cascade occurs	No	A	No	
nigh angle	e of attack recovery Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	А	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	
	Cascade occurs	No	Â	No	
Recoverv	from a developed full stall				
	Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward 30° to 60°	в	Dive forward 30°to 60°	
	Collapse	No collapse		No collapse	
	Cascade occurs (other than collapse)			No	
	Rocking back	Less than 45°	A	Less than 45°	
	Line tension	Most line tight	А	Most line tight	
Asymmetr	ic collapse				
	With 50% collapse-Maximum dive forward or roll angle				
	Change of course until re-inflation	Less than 90°, Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°	А	Less than 90°, Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°	
	Re-inflation behaviour	Spontaneous re-inflation	А	Spontaneous re-inflation	
	Total change of course	Less than 360°	Α	Less than 360°	
	Collapse on the opposite side occurs	No	Α	No	
	Twist occurs	No		No	
	Cascade occurs	No	A	No	
	With 75% collapse-Maximum dive forward or roll angle Change of course until re-inflation	Loop then 00°. Dive or roll angle 60° to 00°	0	90° to 180°, Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°	
	Change of course until re-inflation Re-inflation behaviour	· · · · ·		90° to 180°, Dive or roll angle 15° to 45° Spontaneous re-inflation	
	Total change of course			Spontaneous re-inflation Less than 360°	
	Collapse on the opposite side occurs			No	
	Twist occurs			No	
	Cascade occurs			No	
	With 50% collapse and accelerator-Maximum dive forward or		~		
	Change of course until re-inflation	-	А	90° to 180°, Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°	
	Re-inflation behaviour			Spontaneous re-inflation	
	Total change of course			Less than 360°	

	Collapse on the opposite side occurs	Νο	А	No	А
	Twist occurs	No	A	No	A
	Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A
	With 75% collapse and accelerator-Maximum dive forward o				
	Change of course until re-inflation	Less than 90°, Dive or roll angle 60° to 90°	С	90° to 180°, Dive or roll angle 60° to 90°	С
	Re-inflation behaviour	Spontaneous re-inflation	Ă	Spontaneous re-inflation	Ā
	Total change of course	Less than 360°	A	Less than 360°	A
	Collapse on the opposite side occurs	No	A	No	A
	Twist occurs	No	Ā	No	A
	Cascade occurs	No	Â	No	A
15 Direction	al control with a maintained asymmetric collapse	110	А	140	~
15. Direction	Able to keep course	Yes	А	Yes	А
	180° turn away from the collapsed side possible in 10 s	Yes	A	Yes	A
	Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel	Â	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel	A
16 Trim one	ed spin tendency	More than 50 % of the synthetic control travel	~	Note than 50 % of the symmetric control traver	~
io. min spec	Spin occurs	No	А	No	А
17	ed spin tendency	NO	~	110	~
I. Low spee	Spin occurs	No	А	No	А
19 Pocover	r from a developed spin		A		A
To. Recovery		Stope opinping in 00°to 190°	C	Stops opinping in loss than 00°	~
	Spin rotation angle after release	Stops spinning in 90°to 180°	C	Stops spinning in less than 90°	A
	Cascade occurs	No	Α	No	A
19. B-line sta		Observes of sources loss them 45%		Observe of source loss them 45%	
	Change of course before release	Change of course less than 45°	A	Change of course less than 45°	A
	Behaviour before release	Remains stable with straight span	A	Remains stable with straight span	A
	Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	Α	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A
	Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward 0° to 30°	Α	Dive forward 0° to 30°	A
	Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A
20. Big ears					
	Entry procedure	Standard technique	А	Standard technique	A
	Behaviour during big ears	Stable flight	А	Stable flight	A
	Recovery	Recovery through pilot action in less than a	В	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A
		further 3 s			
	Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward 0° to 30°	Α	Dive forward 0° to 30°	A
21. Big ears i	in accelerated flight				
	Entry procedure	Standard technique	Α	Standard technique	A
	Behaviour during big ears	Stable flight	Α	Stable flight	A
	Recovery	Spontaneous in 3 s to 5 s	Α	Recovery through pilot action in less than a	В
				further 3 s	
	Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward 0° to 30°	А	Dive forward 0° to 30°	А
	Behaviour immediately after releasing the accelerator while	Stable flight	А	Stable flight	А
22. Behaviou	r exiting a steep spiral				
	Tendency to return to straight flight	Spontaneous exit	А	Spontaneous exit	А
	Turn angle to recover normal flight	Less than 720°, spontaneous recovery	A	Less than 720°, spontaneous recovery	A
	Sink rate when evaluating spiral stability [m/s]	18 m/s		18 m/s	
23. Alternativ	ve means of directional control				
_o. Alternativ	180° turn achievable in 20 s	Yes	А	Yes	А
	Stall or spin occurs	No	Â	No	Ā
24 Any other	r flight procedure and/or configuration described in the us		А		~
24. Any other	Procedure works as described	not available	0	not available	C
	Procedure suitable for novice pilots		0		
	Cascade occurs	not available	0		C
Commente		not available	0	HUL available	- (
Comments o		20			
	Comments	no		no	



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