Flight test report

Classification B

 Manufacturer
 Sky Paragliders

 Address
 Okružní 39

 73911 Frýdlant nad Ostravicí Czech Republic

 Representive
 None

 Type of glider
 Fides 2 Evolution XXS

not available

Trimmer

Certification number Date of flight test Place of test PG 032.2006 20/02/2007 Villeneuve



Test Pilot Ghislaine Fluckiger

Harness Sup'Air Light Total weight in flight 48 kg Bernhard Stocker SupAir Evolution 70 kg

		Min weight	Max weight
1. Inflation/Ta	ake-off		
	Rising behaviour	Smooth, easy and constant rising	A Smooth, easy and constant rising A
	Special take off technique required	No	A No A
2. Landing			
	Special landing technique required	No	A No A
3. Speed in s			A \/
	Trim speed more than 30 km/h		A Yes A
	Speed range using the controls larger than 10 km/h		A Yes A
4. Control m	Minimum speed	Less than 25 km/h	A Less than 25 km/h A
4. Control mo	Max. weight in flight up to 80 kg		
	Symmetric control pressure/travel	Increasing, Greater than 55 cm	A Increasing, Greater than 55 cm A
	Max. weight in flight 80 kg to 100 kg	moredoling, creater than so on	Thereading, creater than oo on the state of
	Symmetric control pressure/travel	not available	0 not available 0
	Max. weight in flight greater than 100 kg	not a valiable	
	Symmetric control pressure/travel	not available	0 not available 0
5. Pitch stabi	lity exiting accelerated flight		
	Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward less than 30°	A Dive forward less than 30° A
	Collapse occurs	No	A No A
6. Pitch stabi	lity operating controls during accelerated flight		
	Collapse occurs	No	A No A
7. Roll stabili	ty and damping		
0.01-1.00	Oscillations	Reducing	A Reducing A
8. Stability in	gentle spirals	Constanton ouit	
	Tendency to return to straight flight	Spontaneous exit	A Spontaneous exit A
9. Benaviour	in a steeply banked turn	More then 14 m/s	B More than 14 m/s B
10 Symmetri	Sink rate after two turns ic front collapse	More than 14 m/s	B More than 14 m/s B
10. Symmetri	Entry	Rocking back less than 45°	A Rocking back less than 45° A
	Recovery	•	A Spontaneous in less than 3 s A
	Dive forward angle on exit	•	A Dive foward 0°to 30°, Keeping course A
	Cascade occurs		A No A
	With accelerator		
	Entry	Rocking back less than 45°	A Rocking back less than 45° A
	Recovery	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	A Spontaneous in less than 3 s A
	Dive forward angle on exit		A Dive foward 0°to 30°, Keeping course A
	Cascade occurs	No	A No A
11. Exiting de	eep stall (parachutal stall)		
	Deep stall achieved		A Yes A
	Recovery	•	A Spontaneous in less than 3 s A
	Dive forward angle on exit		A Dive forward 0° to 30° A
	Change of course	0 0	A Changing course less than 45° A
40 Link and	Cascade occurs	No	A No A
12. High angi	le of attack recovery	Spontonoous in loss than 3 a	A Spontaneous in less than 3 s A
	Recovery Cascade occurs	•	A Spontaneous in less than 3 s A A No A
13 Recovery	from a developed full stall	NO	
15. Recovery	Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward 0°to 30°	A Dive forward 30° to 60° B
	Collapse		A No collapse A
	Cascade occurs (other than collapse)		A No A
	Rocking back		A Less than 45° A
	Line tension		A Most line tight A
14. Asymmet			
	With 50% collapse-Maximum dive forward or roll angle		
	Change of course until re-inflation		A Less than 90°, Dive or roll angle 15° to 45° A
	Re-inflation behaviour	•	A Spontaneous re-inflation A
	Total change of course		A Less than 360° A
	Collapse on the opposite side occurs		A No A
	Twist occurs		A No A
	Cascade occurs	No	A No A
	With 75% collapse-Maximum dive forward or roll angle	Loss than 00°. Dive or roll same 45° to 45°	A 90° to 180°, Dive or roll angle 15° to 45° B
	Change of course until re-inflation Re-inflation behaviour		A 90° to 180°, Dive or roll angle 15° to 45° B A Spontaneous re-inflation A
	Total change of course	•	A Spontaneous re-initiation A A Less than 360° A
	Collapse on the opposite side occurs		A Less than 360° A
	Twist occurs		A NO A
	Cascade occurs		A No A
	With 50% collapse and accelerator-Maximum dive forward of		
	Change of course until re-inflation	-	A 90° to 180°, Dive or roll angle 15° to 45° B
	Re-inflation behaviour		A Spontaneous re-inflation A
	Total change of course	•	A Less than 360° A
	Collapse on the opposite side occurs		A No A

	Twist secure	Na		Na	٨
	Twist occurs Cascade occurs	No No	A A	No No	A A
	With 75% collapse and accelerator-Maximum dive forward o		~	INU	A
	Change of course until re-inflation	90° to 180°, Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°	в	90° to 180°, Dive or roll angle 15° to 45°	В
	Re-inflation behaviour	Spontaneous re-inflation	A	Spontaneous re-inflation	A
	Total change of course	Less than 360°	A	Less than 360°	A
	Collapse on the opposite side occurs	No	Â	No	Â
	Twist occurs	No	A	No	A
	Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A
15 Direction	al control with a maintained asymmetric collapse	NO	A	INU	A
15. Direction	Able to keep course	Yes	А	Yes	А
	180° turn away from the collapsed side possible in 10 s	Yes	A	Yes	A
	Amount of control range between turn and stall or spin	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel	Â	More than 50 % of the symmetric control travel	Ā
16 Trim snor	ed spin tendency	Note than 50 % of the symmetric control travel	^	Note than 50 % of the symmetric control traver	~
To. Thin spec	Spin occurs	No	А	No	А
17 Low spec	ed spin tendency	NO	~	NO	~
III LOW spee	Spin occurs	No	А	No	А
18 Recovery	r from a developed spin		~		A
io. Recovery	Spin rotation angle after release	Stops spinning in less than 90°	А	Stops spinning in less than 90°	А
	Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A
19. B-line sta		NO	~	NO	~
15. D-Ine sta	Change of course before release	Change of course less than 45°	А	Change of course less than 45°	А
	Behaviour before release	Remains stable with straight span	Â	Remains stable with straight span	Â
	Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A
	Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward 0° to 30°	A	Dive forward 0° to 30°	A
	Cascade occurs	No	A	No	A
20. Big ears			~		~
20. Dig ears	Entry procedure	Standard technique	А	Standard technique	А
	Behaviour during big ears	Stable flight	A	Stable flight	A
	Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A
	Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward 0° to 30°	A	Dive forward 0° to 30°	A
21 Big ears i	in accelerated flight		~		~
LI. Dig cuis i	Entry procedure	Standard technique	А	Standard technique	А
	Behaviour during big ears	Stable flight	A	Stable flight	A
	Recovery	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A	Spontaneous in less than 3 s	A
	Dive forward angle on exit	Dive forward 0° to 30°	A	Dive forward 0° to 30°	A
	Behaviour immediately after releasing the accelerator while	Stable flight	A	Stable flight	A
22. Behaviou	ir exiting a steep spiral	Clasic ingit		etable light	7.
	Tendency to return to straight flight	Spontaneous exit	А	Spontaneous exit	А
	Turn angle to recover normal flight	Less than 720°, spontaneous recovery	A	Less than 720°, spontaneous recovery	A
	Sink rate when evaluating spiral stability [m/s]	15 m/s		18 m/s	
23. Alternativ	ve means of directional control				
	180° turn achievable in 20 s	Yes	А	Yes	А
	Stall or spin occurs	No	A	No	A
24. Any other	r flight procedure and/or configuration described in the us				
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Procedure works as described	not available	0	not available	C
	Procedure suitable for novice pilots	not available	0	not available	C
	Cascade occurs	not available	Ő	not available	C
Comments o					
	Comments	Manufacturer test pilot. Alain give insctruction via		no	
		radio to test pilot.			



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